

# Wheels Keep Spinning – Disc Drive Research

Erik Riedel Seagate Research August 2005



# Company Overview Seagate Technologies (NYSE: STX)

Seagate is the world's leading provider of hard disc drives

All-time record shipments of 98 million drives in FY05

Over 250,000 drives (over 7 PB) each day (!)

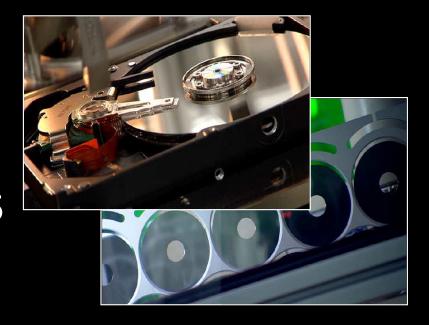
Market share leader in Desktop, Enterprise

and Consumer Electronics

Vertical integration of core technologies: heads, media, motors, and printed circuit boards

Revenues of \$7.55 billion in FY05

40,000 employees worldwide





## Seagate Research

The Research Center currently has a total of 150 employees, all in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania



About 120 technical staff from 22 countries; 90 staff with Ph.D. degrees from over 50 universities.



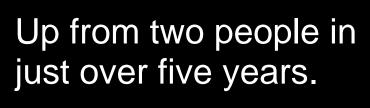














Seagate Research 1251 Waterfront Place Pittsburgh, PA



## Technical Specs – Then and Now



**IBM RAMAC** (1956)



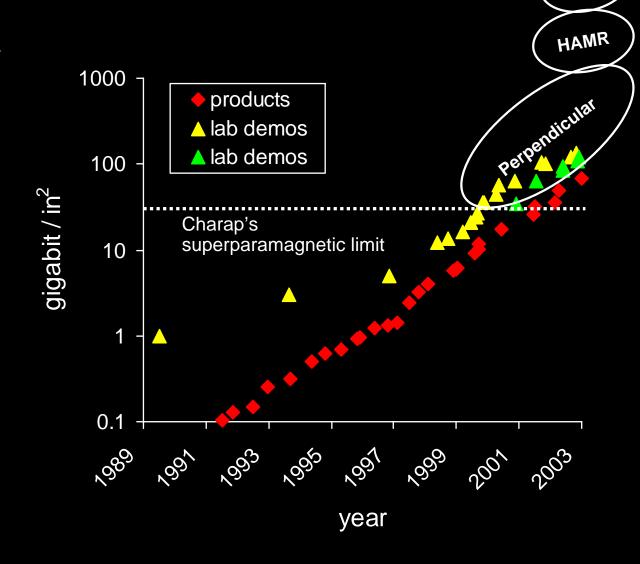
Savvio 10K.1 (2004)

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Capacity	~ 5 MB	73.4 GB	15,000 x
<b>Areal Density</b>	2000 bits/in <sup>2</sup>	68 Gb/in <sup>2</sup>	34,000,000 x
Disks	50 @ 24" dia	2 @ 2.5" dia	240 x
Price	\$50,000	<b>&lt;\$1000</b>	x / 50
Price/MB	\$1,000	<\$0.02	x / 730,000
Spindle Speed	1,200 rpm	10,000 rpm	8.3 x
<b>Seek Time</b>	600 ms	4.1 ms	x / 140
Data Rate (burst)	10 KB/s	94 MB/s	9,400 x
Power	5000 W	12 W	x / 740
Weight	~ 1 ton	1.9 lb	x / 1,800

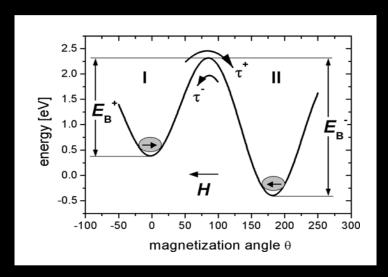
## **Areal Density Growth**

- Late 1990s general fear that media would be unstable beyond the superparamagnetic limit
- Longitudinal recording now expected to extend above 100 Gb/in<sup>2</sup>
- Perpendicular expected to extend to 1 Tb/in<sup>2</sup>
- Additional innovations required at that point
  - heat-assisted recording
  - self-organizing media



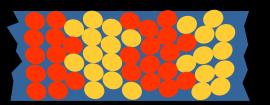
+SOMA

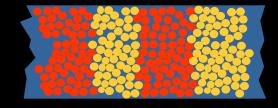
### Media Design Constraints – Trilemma



### Readability

 $SNR \sim \log_{10}(N)$ 





Small Grains (V)

#### Thermal Stability

$$E_B \cong K_u V \cdot \left[ 1 - \frac{|H_d|}{H_0} \right]^{3/2}$$

$$K_uV = 40 - 60 k_BT$$

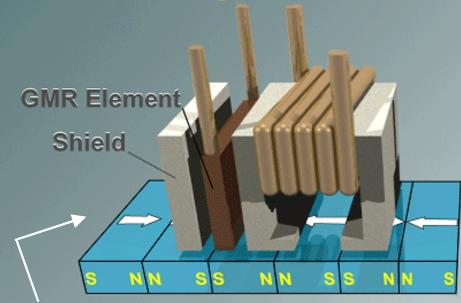
## Writability

$$H_0 = \alpha \cdot \frac{2 \cdot K_u}{M_S} - N_{eff} \cdot M_S$$

H<sub>0</sub> < Head Field



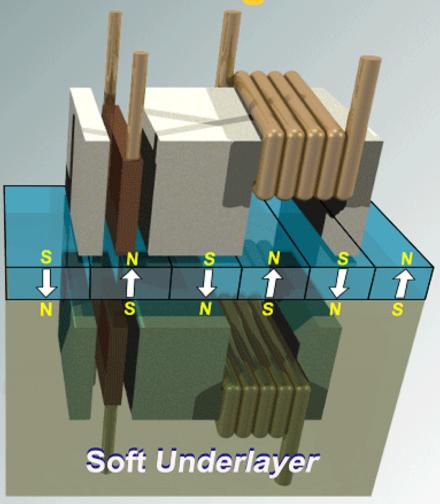
## Longitudinal Recording



Magnetic domains oriented in the direction of travel of the head (much longer than wide/tall).

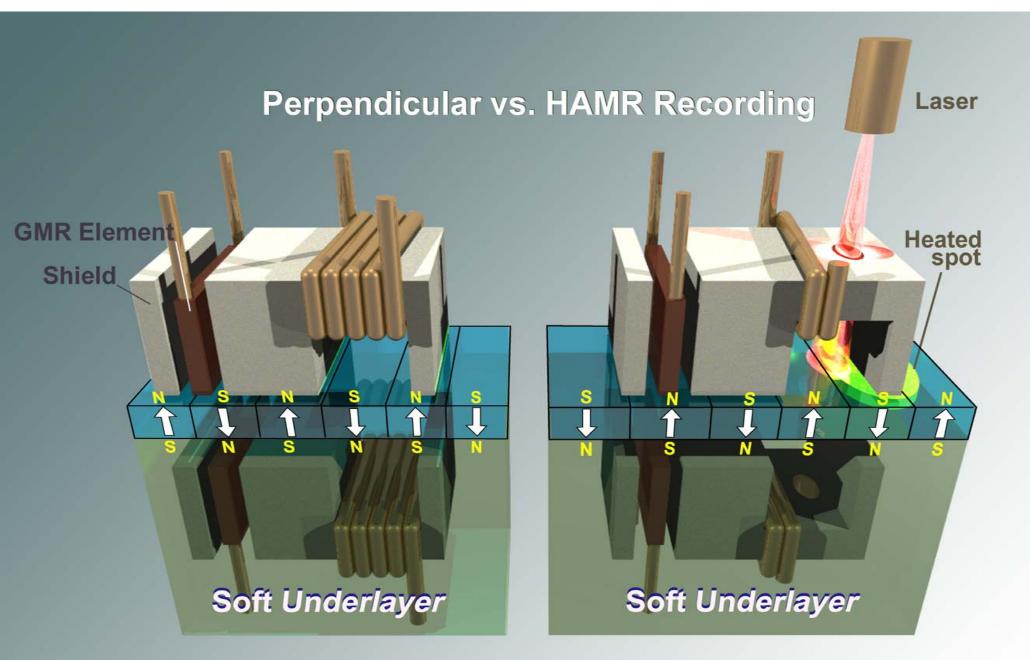
Soft underlayer "mirrors" write field and allows domains much closer together.

## Perpendicular Recording



Perpendicular should take us to 1 Tbpsi

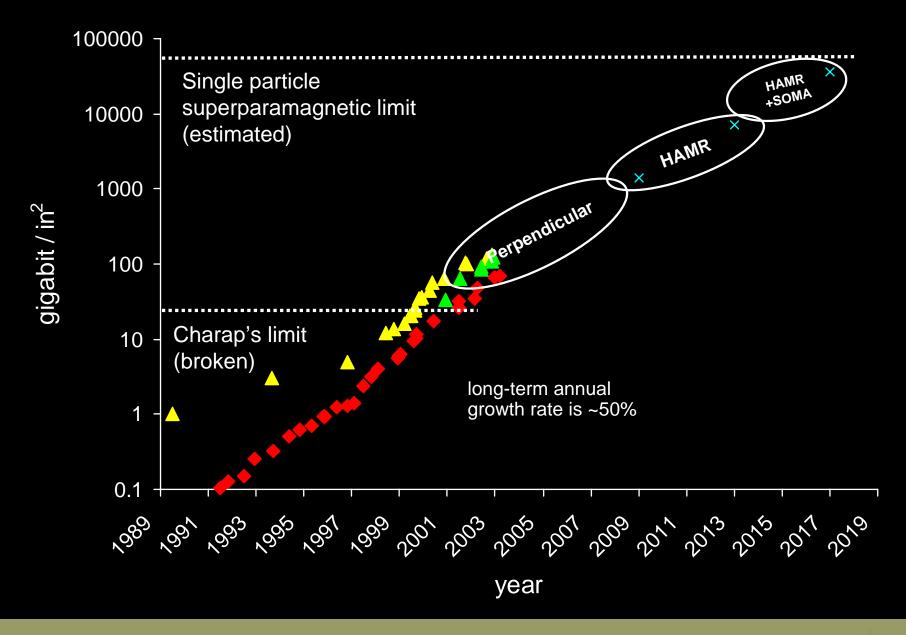




HAMR can theoretically extend the density of recording to 10 Tbpsi



### **Areal Density Growth**



## The Extreme Sport of Technology

#### **Core Teams**

Individual products

**Platform Teams** 

- Interface
- Firmware
- Electronics
- Mechanical
- Servo
- Heads
- Media

new

areas

core technology Research Teams

- Systems
- Channels
- Integration
- Modeling
- Mechanical
- Servo
- Heads
- Media
- Materials

**Disciplines** 

CS (systems)

CS (security)

CS (signal proc), Math

CS (simulation)

**Physics** 

Mechanical eng

Control theory,

Mechanical eng

Physics, Materials

Chemistry

### **New Markets**

\* (IDC, 15 April 2004)^ (Seagate estimate, 20 April 2004)

41 million PCs were sold in Q1 of 2004\*

65 million hard disk drives were sold in Q1 of 2004^

- this is 700,000 disk drives produced every day (!)
- more than 20 PB of new disk storage every day (!)

24 million disk drive didn't go into PCs

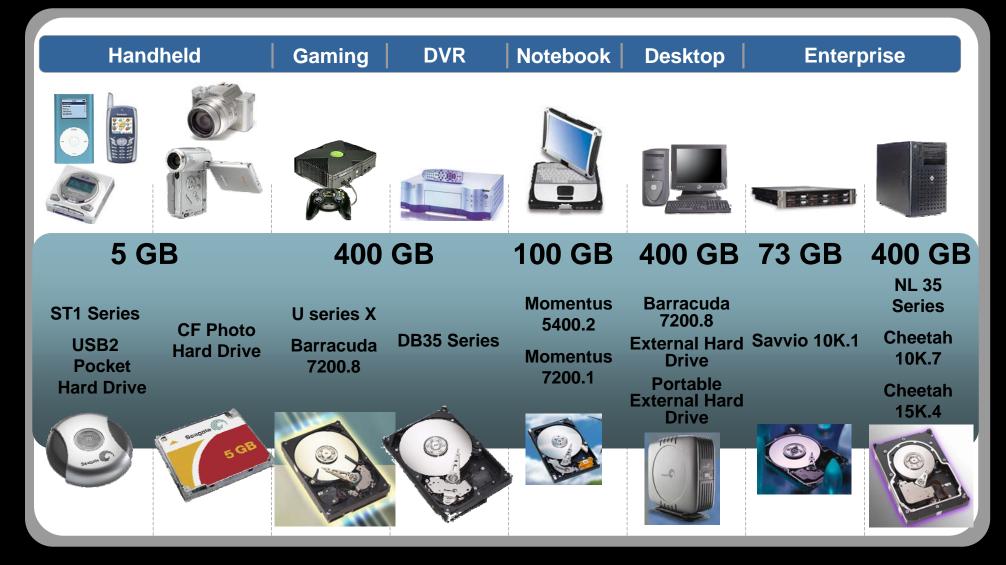
• they went into servers, archives, video recorders, game machines, audio players, ...

This gap has been growing for several years

more and more drives into non-PC uses



## Disc Drives Today Cover the Widest Range of Users and Systems Ever





#### **Metrics**

#### enterprise-relevant metrics

#### **Traditional metrics**

- spindle speed (rpm)
- capacity (GB)
- seek time (ms)

#### New metrics

- acoustics (drives in living rooms)
- power (save battery, save cooling \$)
- idle/standby modes (W saved, s to switch modes)
- shock and vibration (dropping, cabinets, jogging)
- reliability (end-to-end data protection)

=> security, long life





### Research Topics – Systems

## interface and API extensions

Over time, more semantic understanding at individual drives

- object storage is a first step (structure-aware storage)
- enables attribute-managed storage w/ metadata
- self-securing storage protect against malicious damage
- autonomous storage devices (self-tuning, distributed)
- self-organizing, self-indexing (data-aware storage)
- system-level understanding & metrics

#### Open areas

- usable security and privacy
- organizing large data collections
- making sense out of data (data => information)

active storage devices